



**ONE ENJOYS**

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

#### TO PROTECT THE MINORS.

Committee to Prosecute Some of Sullivan's Political Allies.

The indignant protests of citizens against the little Mayor's protection to the gamblers has no effect, apparently, with that official, who is overlooking the fact that he took an oath to see that the laws are enforced. Not only will Sullivan refuse to close up his henchmen, but he will not interfere with them in "enticing" minors into their dens. A number of gentlemen, however, do not propose to see this wholesale system of robbing small boys continue, even if the Mayor does lead his sanction to it. Councilman Cooper has taken the initiative in this organization to prevent the robbery and corruption of youth in the dives. A committee of twenty business men have agreed to put up enough money to hire an attorney to prosecute cases against these gamblers who allow small boys to enter their dives. The members of the committee will furnish the money, and the grand jury wherever a boy is seen to enter one of the places, and a private detective will also probably be hired. Mr. Cooper says that there is no politics in the movement. The rule of young men in Indianapolis through the gambling dens is becoming so notorious that the business men have to take some steps to protect themselves.

#### PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Mr. and Mrs. John Whitsett will go to Chicago Monday to spend a week.

Mrs. J. R. Husey, who has been visiting relatives in Denver, has returned home.

Miss Sue Van Valkenberg has returned from a short visit to friends in Cambridge City.

Mrs. Robert Kyle, accompanied by her son Robbie, has gone to Chicago to visit Mrs. Judy.

Miss Mary Ingram has accepted a position in an art school in Virginia for the coming year.

Mrs. N. H. Richter returned yesterday to Union City after a two weeks' visit with Mrs. J. W. Buck.

Miss Jessie Redwood, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Miss Mary Cline and will remain several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Elam and family, who have been spending the summer at Lake Maxinkuckee, have returned.

Mrs. P. B. Dickerson and daughters Ada and Edith and niece, Miss Belle Dickerson, have returned from the world's fair.

Miss Minnie Shaw and brothers John and Richard, of the Sherman House, are spending a fortnight at the world's fair.

Misses Ada and Edith Dickerson, of Washington, D. C., are visiting their cousin, Miss Belle, and sister, Miss Dickerson, at the Sherman House.

Miss Margaret Warner, of Hartford, Conn., who has been the guest of Miss Mary Taylor for a few weeks, has gone to Chicago.

Louis E. Tallentire and his mother have arrived home from Boston, Mass., where they have been attending the railway postal clerks' convention.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Bertha May Newby, daughter of F. S. Newby, and Mr. Mont E. Fisher, of Frankfort, Ind., on Sept. 26, at the new College-avenue Baptist Church.

Mr. J. L. Mothershead and family have returned to their home in Del., where they have been residing since leaving here several years ago, and are living at No. 489 North Meridian street.

**TOWNE-HOGAN.**

**RICHMOND, Sept. 15.**—Last evening St. Paul's Episcopal Church was the scene of a very fashionable wedding. The contracting parties were Miss Joanna Masde daughter of Mrs. Mary E. Hogan, of this city, and Mr. Edward Sheldon Towne, of Holyoke, Mass. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Rev. J. E. Cathell, Dr. L. S. Kelsey, brother of the bride, gave away the bride. The maid of honor was Miss Jennie Likens, and the bridesmaid was Miss Margaret Boston. The best man was Mr. Frank Towne, of Holyoke, Mass., and the ushers were Dr. Henry West, Mr. John Van Nestler, of East Orange, N. J., Dr. W. P. Reeves and Mr. Walter Vaughan. Immediately following the ceremony there was a reception to about 150 guests at the home of Dr. Kelsey, after which Mr. and Mrs. Towne left for Chicago. After seeing the fair they will make a trip to the lakes and the St. Lawrence, after which they will be at home at Holyoke, Mass.

**OGDEN-MIKELS.**

**Covington, Ind., Sept. 15.**—The home of Rev. W. R. Mikels was the scene of a very pretty wedding yesterday at 12 o'clock. The bride was Miss Gertrude Mikels and the groom Rev. Horace G. Ogden, of Danville, Ind. The ceremony was the full Episcopal form and was pronounced by Rev. Mikels. The bride and groom will spend a few days in Danville, after which they will leave for Boston, where the groom will take a two years' course in the Boston University, preparing himself for the ministry. Both bride and groom are graduates of DePaul University.

**MAGGS-MILLER.**

**Muncie, Ind., Sept. 15.**—Last night a surprise wedding occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miller. The contracting parties were W. H. Maggs and Miss Emma B. Miller. Mr. Maggs is a merchant tailor, and the bride a well-known cashier at the Winters Shoe and Clothing Company's store.

**Requisition for Escaped Convicts.**

Governor Matthews yesterday granted a requisition for the escaped convicts from the Prison South, John Daniels and James H. Favors, who escaped last September and are now held by the authorities at Paris, Ill.

**SETS of the G. A. R. edition of The Journal, Sept. 2 to the inclusive, will be sent to any address for 50 cents.**

## WESTERN UNION BRINGS SUIT

Suit Filed in the Federal Court to Test the Recent Tax Act.

Auditor Taggart Temporarily Restrained—A Suit Also Against State Auditor Henderson.

The Western Union Telegraph Company yesterday filed a suit in the federal court to test the tax law, alleged to have been passed by the last Legislature, assessing telegraph, telephone, sleeping-car companies and other companies at a high valuation. Butler, Snow & Butler appeared as attorneys for the company, and they ask that a restraining order be granted to keep State Auditor Henderson from certifying to county auditors the proportional amounts of the valuation of the company's property as fixed by the State Tax Commissioners. An order is also asked against County Auditor Taggart to restrain him from certifying the amounts to the township assessors in Marion county. Both complaints make practically the same allegations. The company claims that if an injunction is not granted against the State Auditor it will bring numerous suits down on the company, and cause the company to be assessed throughout the State for taxes amounting to \$40,000.

It is alleged that two acts, one of 1891 and one of 1892, are unconstitutional. The 1891 act is the one compelling companies to pay an income tax of 1 per cent. a year on their gross earnings. The company says the act is unconstitutional because it is not a law of the State, but a law of the United States, and could be replaced by an entirely new plant for \$1,366,625.78. The act of 1892, to which the company takes exception, is the one known as the "sleeping-car tax bill," and provides for a pro rata distribution of valuations of large companies according to the capital stock and total valuation in the State. The company claims that this bill was passed after the last day on which the Legislature had a constitutional right to pass bills. The company's counsel urge that this statute is not a law of the State. Last month the State Tax Commissioners assessed the company's property, exclusive of that part subject to local taxation, at \$2,477,953, and at the rate of \$357 a mile. State Auditor Henderson is now certifying to county auditors the respective proportional amounts of this valuation, proportioned to the respective miles of the telegraph lines of the company located in said respective counties.

It is claimed that the telegraph lines outside of Indiana are to a large extent more valuable than the telegraph lines in the State, and that 60 per cent. of the company's business in the State is interstate and national business. It is also urged that while the company's lines are assessed at \$357 a mile, other companies under substantially the same conditions with respect to cost of construction and maintenance, are assessed at a much lower rate. The company says this increased assessment is on the enterprise and ability of the managers, which it claims the company is entitled to pay as rent for such property, were the same owned by persons or corporations other than themselves. It is asserted that the threatened acts of Auditor Henderson are in violation of law, because the act of 1893 is not a law, and that it is in violation of the Constitution of the United States. The company claims that the act of 1893 is in violation of the Constitution of the United States, in that the company is deprived of its property without due process of law. The allegation is that the company has no opportunity to be heard, that the commissioners disregarded the act of construction, and that the property is assessed which is outside of the State, and beyond its jurisdiction. Also, that the protection granted to other taxpayers is denied the company. Another ground of complaint is that the act is in violation of the section of the United States Constitution which regulates commerce with foreign nations and among the several States, that it purports to levy a tax on interstate commerce, and that it is a special law for the assessment and collection of taxes. The company says that it is willing to pay to the proper officers of the State as taxes for 1893, amounts ascertained by multiplying the rate of tax levied in the respective cities and townships on the amounts returned by the company on its township list filed by it for 1893.

The company believes the certifications will be prepared before an appeal is made, or a temporary injunction could be obtained and determined upon. Therefore, the company avers that an emergency exists for the granting of a restraining order without notice to the defendants. In Marion county the taxes for 1893, according to the valuation fixed by the State Tax Commissioners, will be \$2,477,953.

**HOLDING OF BOONE WILSON.**

John C. Riley, its owner, says it is unlawfully detained.

John C. Riley, owner of the famous pacing horse, Boone Wilson, has brought suit in the Superior Court against Charles Lodge. The plaintiff says that Lodge has kept the horse here in this city against his consent, and by reason of this Mr. Riley has been damaged to the extent of \$300. The horse is valued at \$5,000, and was formerly owned by the late Bruce Carr, ex-Auditor of State.

**THE JONAH F. LEMON CASE.**

Defendants Insist They Had Insufficient Notice of the Suit.

The Jonah F. Lemon will case is set for trial Sept. 21. The parties contesting the will are represented by Winter, Miller & Elam, and the attorneys on the other side are Duncan & Smith. The case was set for trial yesterday morning, and argued for two hours when the clerk says there was no motion pending. The defendants claimed that no notice had been given of the hearing which is pending. They were informed, however, that this was not sufficient objection as they were all present when the hearing was made, and the court gave the will and when the time was set for hearing the case.

The plaintiffs are Sarah E. Ellis, Mary E. Rutchins, Doris E. Rooker, Arthur Lemon and Gracie Lemon against the executor, Peter L. Nagley, Oliver Voris and John Smith. Also against defendants Frank F. Hutchins, Jacob F. Lemon, Daniel F. Lemon, Eliza M. Lemon, Henry Lemon and Sylvester S. Gorbey.

**Suits Against a Confectionery Firm.**

Three suits have been filed in the Superior Court against Frank L. Wilmot & Co., wholesale confectioners, on South Meridian street. One complaint comes from the Detroit Confectionery and Fruit Tablet Company. The plaintiffs claim that Wilmot & Co. owe them \$23,045, and demand \$100 and costs.

Kingdon & Co. also claim that Wilmot & Co. owe them \$23,045, and their suit is brought by Henry H. Hilde, confectioner, of New York, to recover \$110.93 due him.

**Suit on Commission.**

H. Walker Neal has brought suit in the Superior Court against Schleicher, Schumm & Co., of Philadelphia, manufacturers of gas engines. Neal says he entered into a contract, a year ago, as an agent of the company. He was to have received 10 per cent. commission for the sale of goods. His commission amounted to \$1,000.40, of which \$212.25 remains unpaid, he claims. In another paragraph he says \$118 additional is due him.

**Suit Against Bondsmen.**

Samuel C. Kennedy last year recovered judgment on a bond for \$72,29 in the Morgan Circuit Court. The bondsmen, Samuel Small, Thomas P. Mills, John J. Carriger and David Mills, appealed to the Supreme Court. But judgment was rendered in favor of Kennedy. The latter now brings suit against the bondsmen for \$1,000, claiming that the defendants have failed to pay the judgment.

**Suit Against Wilmer F. Christian.**

During the past summer Mary McCarthy rented fifteen acres of ground of Wilmer F. Christian at Grace and Washington streets.

She planted two acres of potatoes and raised a fine crop of hay. She now brings suit against Christian, claiming that he will not deliver to her the either the potatoes or the hay. She demands \$25 and costs.

**That Garbage Case.**

The argument in the garbage case was concluded yesterday in the Circuit Court. The argument was on the demurrer to the original complaint filed by Thomas Jameson, who claimed to be the only authorized garbage collector. Judge Brown has taken the case under advisement, and if the demurrer is sustained the case will be ended.

**Sarah A. McClintock's Will.**

The will of Sarah Ann McClintock, of Mapleton, was probated yesterday. Chas. A. Howland is the executor. The property consists of Lot 87 and residence on Peru street. All of the property goes to the husband, William H. McClintock, to be divided among the two sons and grandson upon the death of the father.

**Suit on an Old Note.**

Gilbert M. Brooke has brought suit in the Superior Court against Elizabeth and Charles A. Schmidt. The plaintiff says that he recovered judgment on a note for \$1,683.54, April 22, 1879. The note bore interest at 10 per cent., and has never been paid by the defendants. He demands \$3,000 and costs.

**Affairs of Jeweler Ducas.**

Argument in the receivership suit of Baldwin, Miller & Co. against E. Ducas, a jeweler, to have been heard before Judge Brown yesterday. As the court was busy, the case was laid over until Tuesday next.

**Dr. Henry Cunningham's Bill.**

Dr. Henry S. Cunningham attended William Martz in a prolonged illness. The doctor has a bill against Martz of \$554, which he says is unpaid, and to recover it he has brought suit in the Superior Court.

**The Court over 1.**

**SUPERIOR COURT.**

Room 1—James M. Winter, Judge.

The First National Bank of Danville, Ind., vs. Ellis J. Lee et al.; note. Dismissed at cost of defendant Lee.

Lewis V. Boyle vs. Little Kanawha Lumber Company; attachment. Dismissed and costs paid.

Maggie Primus vs. James Primus; divorce. Decree and custody of child granted plaintiff. Judgment against defendant for \$100 alimony.

Michael Howard vs. Margaret Howard; divorce. Dismissed and costs paid.

Room 2—J. W. Harper, Judge.

Lydia May Baar vs. George B. Baar; divorce. Tried by court and decree granted plaintiff.

Phoebe Smith vs. James B. Smith; divorce. Tried by court; divorce granted plaintiff.

John M. Marshall vs. William Tron et al.; on account. Dismissed by court for failure to prosecute.

William H. Cress vs. William Brennan; mechanic's lien. Tried by court; judgment for plaintiff for \$20.

Room 3—Piny W. Bartholomew, Judge.

Emily G. Gilbert vs. Joseph R. Gilbert; divorce. Part of evidence heard and continued.

**New Suits Filed.**

Charles C. Hahn vs. Florence Strong; foreclosure of mechanic's lien. Room 2.

John C. Hahn vs. Peter K. Decker et al.; street improvement lien. Room 1.

S. F. Graham vs. Tennessee J. Coolman; foreclosure of mechanic's lien. Room 1.

Henry S. Cunningham vs. William Martz and Adolph Schleicher; complaint for commissions. Room 3.

Gilbert M. Brooke vs. Elizabeth Schmidt and Charles A. Schmidt; to revive a judgment. Demand, \$3,000. Room 1.

Mary McCarthy vs. Wilmer F. Christian and wife; trover and conversion. Room 1.

William S. Cunningham vs. William Martz; complaint on account. Room 2.

Samuel C. Kennedy vs. Samuel Small et al.; appeal bond. Demand, \$1,000. Room 2.

John C. Riley vs. Charles Lodge; complaint in replevin. Demand, \$500. Room 2.

Detroit Confectionery and Fruit Tablet Company vs. Frank L. Wilmot and Emanuel Brun; demand \$100 and costs. Room 2.

Hiram W. Miller vs. John F. Candell et al.; suit on note. Demand, \$350. Room 2.

Gustav E. Schmitz vs. Minnie M. Schmitz; divorce. Room 2.

**MARION COUNTY W. C. T. U.**

Seventh Annual Meeting Held Yesterday—Election of Officers.

The seventh annual meeting of the Marion County W. C. T. U. was held yesterday at the First Baptist Church and there was a general attendance of the unions. There are eleven unions, and all but one were represented by the presidents. Mrs. Kate Loftin, president of the county union, was in the chair during the morning session.

The business of the meeting was to hear the reports of the several unions and these showed a growth of the work in almost every department. A Bible reading was given by Mrs. Libbie Candler, of Richmond, and the ladies adjourned for luncheon. The work of the afternoon was presided over by Miss Lenore Ayers, the State superintendent of parliamentary usage. The reports of the secretaries and the work in the county were given a comprehensive review of the work since the beginning of it in this State twenty years ago.

The Local Temperance Legion has been one of the children of the W. C. T. U. which has outgrown the parent union. The Marion union has distributed over twelve thousand pages of literature, beside magazines and books, to the various churches which they visit. The receipts from the unions of this county for the past year have been \$2,500. A great deal of work has been done outside the department lines. Among the institutions which the W. C. T. U. has elected are the Hadley Industrial School and the Central Union of the ladies of the Second Presbyterian Church. The memorial days observed were Labor Mission day, Gratitude day and Industrial School day. This is the Columbian year, and the twentieth year of the organization of the W. C. T. U., and the secretary gave a brief review of the work in the county.

The first union in Marion county was the Central W. C. T. U., and it began with eighty members. During its existence it has developed a mission Sunday school, an industrial school, and a city missionary. In 1879 the Young Women's Temperance Association was organized here, and established a free kindergarten and opened a new boys and girls' home, both of which have since been absorbed by the benevolence of the W. C. T. U. The Young Men's Union, which has been a success. The young people have been brought together and formed a Young People's Social Alliance. Episcopalian and Catholic churches have been won for the cause. The work of the W. C. T. U. has been a success. Through the influence of the W. C. T. U. the city now has a police station. The Local Temperance Legion has had medal contests and parlor meetings. Unions have been established in Brightwood, Broad Ripple, West Indianapolis, the South Side, Actors' Club, Mapleton, West Newton and other places. In 1892 Wallace Union was started. It was named for the first Governor of the State, and its membership was composed of those women who removed to the city and who had been officers in the unions from which they came.

The several reports were followed by the election of officers for the ensuing year with the following result: President, Mrs. A. P. Foster, of Madison Union; corresponding secretary, Mrs. M. C. Smith, of Meridian Union; recording secretary, Mrs. J. A. Hardin, of Brightwood Union, and financial secretary, Mrs. M. C. Smith, of Valley Mills Union. The vice presidents of the unions are the presidents of the several unions of the county. The closing work of the afternoon was hearing the reports of the superintendents of the departments. In the evening the members of the Marion County Union were addressed by Col. Eli Ritter.

**Will Attend with His Staff.**

Governor Matthews will attend the world's fair with his staff on Indiana day. All the distinguished men on the program for that day will be there.

**You don't know how much better you will feel if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will drive off that tired feeling and make you strong.**

**IT IS THE PEOPLE**  
Who pronounce  
**CLIMAX**  
Baking Powder  
PUREST AND BEST,  
AND NOT THE TESTIMONIALS  
OF PURCHASABLE CHEMISTS.

DOZENS 20¢  
HALVES 10¢  
QUARTERS 5¢

## AFFAIRS OF THE IRON HALL

Supreme Adjuster Wind Talks on the Proposed Action.

The Maryland Receiver in the City—Ten Thousand Signatures to the Petition for the Receiver's Removal.

Judge Winters will require an answer from the defendants in the Iron Hall case Monday. The case has never been fully at issue, and Judge Winters feels that it ought to be tried as speedily as possible. The receiver for Maryland and a number of attorneys from points outside the city are here, and will determine before Monday what action they will take and the nature of their answer.

The attorneys on both sides now say they are anxious to have the suit pushed to a speedy conclusion. Attorney Horace Smith, for the plaintiffs, said yesterday afternoon that they would insist upon a compliance with their rule to answer taken the fore part of this week, and as soon as the issues were formed the case would be pushed to trial upon its merits. Mr. Smith says that whatever delay there has been in the solution of the suit has been on account of the opposition, who have continually sought to have the hearing of the case postponed. After the appointment of a receiver, he said, the defense asked that further proceedings be delayed till the appeal could be taken and disposed of, and after the decision of the Supreme Court they still sought to delay matters.

Supreme Adjuster Wind, of St. Louis, of that branch of the Iron Hallers which met here a few months ago and elected officers, was in the city yesterday, and was asked what his branch of the order expected to do in the case.

"Will you be prepared to comply with the rule to answer taken against you?" he was asked.

"We will," he replied, "and we will also ask for affirmative relief."

"How many signatures have you now to the petitions for the surrender of the property to the members?"

"We have now over ten thousand signatures, and expect to have as many more by the time the petition is to be presented to the court. We would have had a great many more than that but for the fact that we are unable to ascertain who the members are. The receiver, who has charge of the books, refuses to grant us permission to look at them, and that is the only source we know of to ascertain who the members are. A number of members have received notice of our efforts through the newspapers, and have put themselves in correspondence with us."

"What will you allege in your answer?"

"It will be along the line of the Supreme Court decision—that while the appointment of a receiver was proper at the time, it was only proper as an emergency remedy and that the receivership should be dissolved as soon as the members are able to take charge of the order and resume the business."

"Are the members in a position to do that now?"

"We are. It could never have been done under the old plan, but the plan of the order has been materially altered, and under the new plan I think the members are in a position to take charge of the money and continue the order."

"What affirmative relief will you ask for in your answer?"

"We will ask that the receiver be compelled to permit us to make an examination of the books and records in his custody, so that we may learn who the members are and what the receiver has been doing since his appointment."

"Mr. Wind will be associated with the local counsel in the trial of the case when the appeal is taken, which will be in all probability, some time during the September term of the court."

**MAKING REPUBLICANS MOVE.**

Democratic Committee Attempts Its Old Campaign Tactics.

The Democratic city committee has again enlisted the support of Democratic landlords to assist them in carrying the city for Sullivan and corruption. Their tactics are the same as adopted in previous campaigns, that of having Democratic landlords with Republican tenants force their tenants to move within thirty days of the election and thereby lose their votes. The Republican city committee has received numerous complaints from Republicans of this kind of political work, and their investigations have assured them that such is being done in all parts of the city. If the Democratic managers could, by this means, deprive one Republican in each precinct of his vote it might materially change the result of the election, and it is certain that they are bending every effort in that direction.

Dr. Roberts, residing in the eighty-sixth precinct, called at the committee headquarters yesterday, and said that he had received notice from his landlord, who is a Democrat, to move from the property now occupied by him. The landlord demanded immediate possession of the premises and declined to accept the rent. Dr. Roberts says that he cannot understand why he is asked to move at this time unless it is for the purpose of depriving him of his vote. In speaking of the case yesterday he said: "I have occupied the property for a long time, have always paid the rent promptly and taken good care of the place. The landlord has usually come after the money between the 10th and 20th of the month. I made a tender of the money for this month and it was declined. I was told that it was not the money but the property that was wanted."

The practice is not a new one to the managers of Democratic campaigns and has been adopted in nearly every campaign in this city for years.

**AMUSEMENTS.**

"The Cruikshank Lawn" will be given its last performance at the Park to-night. Next week this house will have its most popular stars, Dore Davidson and Ramie Austen in their new play, "By the World Forgotten" and "Dangers of a Great City."

There is promise of much entertainment in the performance of "Little Puck," to be given by Frank Daniels and his big comedy company at the Grand all next week. The piece is being done in a spectacular way this season, with the addition of many new and taking features. Daniels is an original and resourceful comedian, and with him are other clever players, includ-

EVERYTHING  
IN SCHOOL NEEDS.  
More variety, and for less money  
**THE NEW YORK STORE**  
School Suits, School Dresses,  
School Hose and School  
Shoes, wear well.  
TRY THEM.

## SOLID OAK TABLES



39 cents each.

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Mail orders promptly filled.

**RENNER'S**  
**MALT COFFEE,**  
The Purest, Healthiest and Most  
Nutritious  
**COFFEE in THE WORLD**  
A Summer Drink—hot or cold.  
Ask your grocer for it.

**STEAM**  
—AND—  
**ELECTRIC POWER**  
**FREIGHT ELEVATORS**  
Now in use by many of the leading manufacturers.  
**O. R. OLSEN, Manufacturer.**  
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

**ASK FOR**  
**Capital City**  
**CIGAR.**  
**BEST 5¢ CIGAR IN THE MARKET**  
**JNO. RAUCH, MFR.**

**FOR SALE,**  
**The Indiana State Building,**

**JACKSON PARK, CHICAGO.**

Sealed bids for the purchase of the above building will be received by Fred A. Hayden, Treasurer, Fort Wayne, Indiana, until the 15th day of October, 1893.

Said building to be sold for cash, to be removed from Jackson Park, in accordance with the rules and regulations governing the removal of buildings from said park, as made by the Exposition Company.

The following property is excepted from sale: Plate glass in building, stone mantel in lower hall, brick mantel in ladies' parlor, the postoffice, the electric light and plumbing fixtures.

All bids to be accompanied with a bond for five thousand (\$5,000) dollars for the due performance of the contract.

Bids will be opened at the meeting of the Executive Committee in Indiana Building on Oct. 28, 1893. Purchase money to be paid within ten days after acceptance of bid. **FRED A. HAYDEN,** Sept. 8, 1893. Fort Wayne, Ind.

secretary, Mrs. A. D. Hazelrigg; treasurer, Miss Belle L. Nye; assistant treasurer, Miss Stella Applegate. These officers also constitute the executive board. The association begins with a membership of fourteen, which is unusually large, considering the comparatively small number of graduates who are eligible to membership. The association is a valuable one to the class of women who sacrifice themselves often to their work, and are sometimes without aid when they most need it.

**Dr. Van Ande's Farewell.**

Dr. Van Ande, pastor of Roberts Park M. E. Church, closes his services as pastor to-morrow. He will preach at 10:30 A. M., and administer the sacrament of the Lord's supper at 7:45 P. M., and say farewell to the congregation. A few members of the official board will make a statement concerning the four years' successful work of Dr. Van Ande as pastor, and other special features will close the service.

**Big Transfer of Realty.**

Edward F. Claypool yesterday deeded to E. B. Martindale thirty lots in Morton Place. The amount paid by Mr. Martindale was \$50,000.

**Two Colors of Our Flag.**

Viz.: white and red, should adorn the mouth of every boy. These colors are white as ivory, the red as rubies; and they will be so if brushed daily with fragrant Sassafras.

**Two Colors of Our Flag.**